Management of Technology

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B02-1. Technological Innovation Process





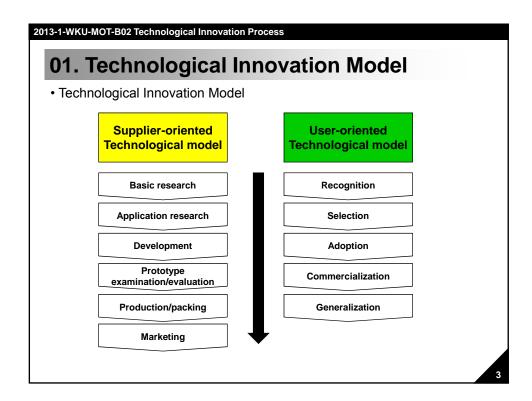
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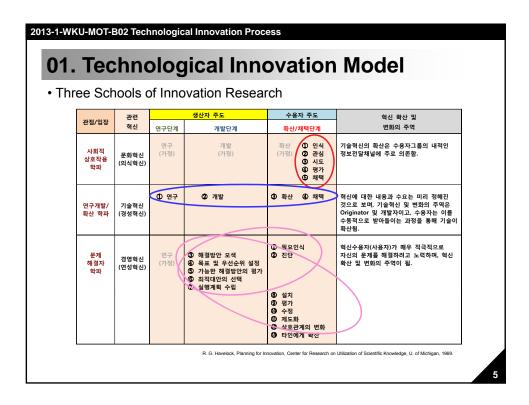


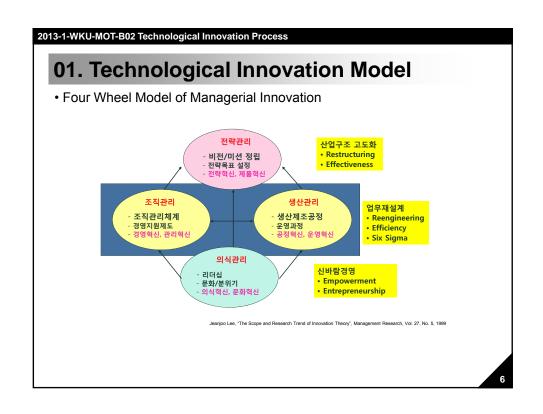


01. Technological Innovation Model

- Three Schools of Innovation Research
 - Cultural innovation
 - · Position of innovation consumer
 - → social interaction
 - Focus on spreading/adopting innovation
 - Technological innovation
 - · Position of innovation producer
 - → researcher
 - Focus on creating innovation
 - Managerial innovation
 - · Position of innovation user
 - → problem resolver
 - · Focus on using/reforming innovation







01. Technological Innovation Model

- CSF of Technological Innovation
 - Technological innovation = market + technology + management
 - Market(needs)



- Technology(seeds)
 - Management(deeds)
 - Others
 - Marketing ability
 - R&D strength
 - Recognition of user needs
 - Communication
 - Management strength
 - R&D/marketing interface

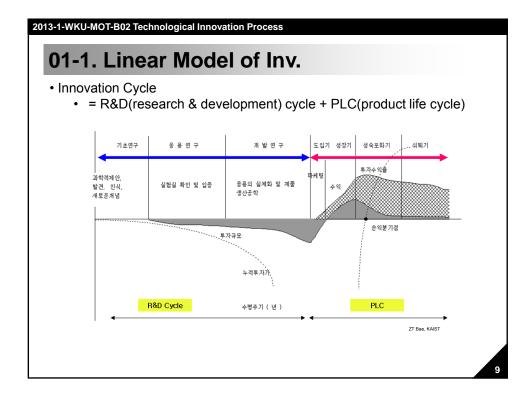
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01. Technological Innovation Model

- Types of Technological Innovation Model
 - Linear model of innovation
 advanced countries
 - Process model of innovation → advanced countries
 - Dynamic model of innovation → advanced countries
 - Global model of innovation → developing countries
 - Sustaining/disruptive model of innovation → the innovator's dilemma





01-1. Linear Model of Inv.

- Linear Model
 - BR(basic research) → AR(applied research) → Dev(development)
 - (In Korea) Dev → AR → BR
- Applications of Linear Model
 - · Emphasis on the importance of basic research
 - (Nation) National innovation system: core subject and role allocation
 - (Enterprise) R&D portfolio management (resource allocation)
 - (Enterprise) Implementation of research management system



01-1. Linear Model of Inv.

- R&D
 - Research are development are mutually different!
 - R&D = Research & Development ≠ Research Development
- Two R&D Games
 - Incremental R&D (low risk low return)
 - Radical R&D (high risk high return)



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01-1. Linear Model of Inv.

• Research vs. Development

구 분	연구 (R) - 기초연구/응용연구	개발 (D)
1) 특성	비정형적 활동 (문제 설정/해결)	주로 비정형적 활동 (정형적 문제해결활동도 다수 포함)
2) 목적	새로운 지식(가치)의 창조	지식가치를 사업가치로 변환
3) 대상	특정 제품을 전제로 하지 않음	특정 제품/공정/프로그램 개발
4) 협력방식	비공식적 (Informal)	공식적 (Formal)
5) 프로세스	불확실성을 점차 제거해 가는 시행 착오 프로세스	[목표달성을 위한 기획]◆[실험/개발]◆ [평가/실용화] 프로세스
6) 평가기준	정성적, 주관적	정량적/정성적, 객관적/주관적
7) Risk 관점	과학적/기술적 리스크 감소	투자회수에 역점 (기술적/상업적 Risk 관리)
8) 개인자유도	개인의 호기심과 자율에 의한 창조	목표/진도/예산 관리, 착수 및 종료 타이밍, 팀워크 중요
9) 활동 주체	과학자 (Scientist)	기술자 (Engineer)
10) 성과	보이지 않는 성과, 암묵적 지식, 옵션가치 창출	보이는 성과 (사업화), 명시적 지식, 수익 창출

ZT Bae, KAIST