

**ARRAY,  
CALLING METHOD and RETURN**



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## □ ARRAY

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## □ CALLING METHOD AND RETURN

# ARRAY

- A DATA STRUCTURE for storing a same type of data
- A container object that holds a fixed number of values of a single type
- The length of an array is established when the array is created.
- After creation, its length is fixed.
- Dealing with array as object
  - Declaring an array object and then creating an object to it and use it

## □ Declaring one dimension array and initializing it

- *type array-name[ ] ;*
- *type[ ] array-name ;*

## □ Declaring multiple dimension array and initializing it

- *type array-name[ ][ ] ;*
- *type[ ][ ] array-name ;*

## □ Creating array object

- *array-name = new type[size];*

# ARRAY SUBSCRIPT

## □ One dimension array

```
class exArray{  
    public static void main(String args[ ]) {  
        int month[] = new int[12];  
        month[0] = 31;  
        month[1] = 28;  
        month[2] = 31;  
        month[3] = 30;  
        month[4] = 31;  
        month[5] = 30;  
        month[6] = 31;  
        month[7] = 31;  
        month[8] = 30;  
        month[9] = 31;  
        month[10] = 30;  
        month[11] = 31;  
  
        for(int i = 0; i < 12; i++) {  
            System.out.println( “배열 month[ “+ i +“ ]방인 “+(i+1)+” 월은 ”+ month[i] +  
“일입니다.” );  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# Example 1 FOR ARRAY

- Print out days according to digit typed by users using FOR statement to the following.

```
1 class Array {  
2     public static void main(String args[]) {  
3         String weekly_days[] = new String[7];  
4  
5         weekly_days[0] = "월요일";  
6         weekly_days[1] = "화요일";  
7         weekly_days[2] = "수요일";  
8         weekly_days[3] = "목요일";  
9         weekly_days[4] = "금요일";  
10        weekly_days[5] = "토요일";  
11        weekly_days[6] = "일요일";  
12  
13        System.out.println("제일 좋아하는 요일은 " + weekly_days[5] + " 입니다.");  
14    }  
15 }
```

## Example 2 FOR ARRAY

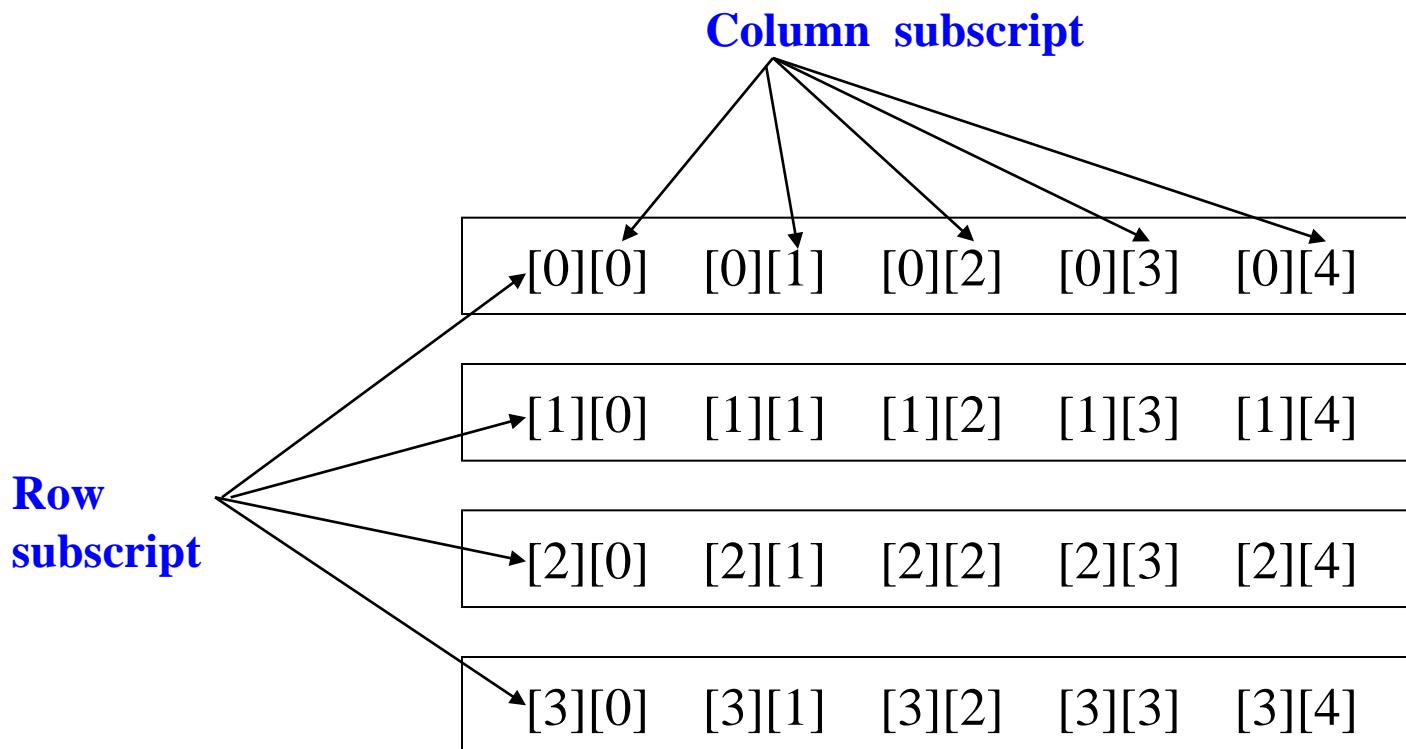
```
1 class AutoArray {  
2     public static void main(String args[]) {  
3         String weekly_days[] = {"월요일", "화요일", "수요일", "목요일", "금요일", "토요일", "일요일"};  
4         System.out.println("제일 좋아하는 요일은 " + weekly_days[5] + " 입니다.");  
5     }  
6 }
```

# ARRAY SUBSCRIPT

## □ Two dimension array

Ex) two dimension array with 20 elements

```
int two_dimension[ ][ ] = new int[4][5];
```



# Example 3 FOR ARRAY

```
1 class TwoArray {
2     public static void main(String args[]) {
3         int two_array[][]= new int[4][5];
4         int i, j, k = 0;
5
6         for(i=0; i<4; i++)
7             for(j=0; j<5; j++) {
8                 two_array[i][j] = k;
9                 k++;
10            }
11
12        for(i=0; i<4; i++) {
13            for(j=0; j<5; j++)
14                System.out.print(two_array[i][j] + " ");
15            System.out.println();
16        }
17    }
18 }
```

# Example 4 FOR ARRAY

```
1 class TwoDA {
2     public static void main(String args[]) {
3         int twoD[][] = new int[4][];
4         twoD[0] = new int[1];
5         twoD[1] = new int[2];
6         twoD[2] = new int[3];
7         twoD[3] = new int[4];
8
9         int i, j, k = 0;
10
11        for(i=0 ; i<4 ; i++)
12            for(j=0 ; j<i+1 ; j++) {
13                twoD[i][j] = k;
14                k++;
15            }
16
17        for(i=0 ; i<4 ; i++) {
18            for(j=0 ; j<i+1 ; j++)
19                System.out.print(twoD[i][j] + " ");
20            System.out.println();
21        }
22    }
23 }
```

## DO PRACTICE

### □ Make a program to get an average after typing in 5 digits

- Example assigned an input data to a character

➤ **char choice = (char) System.in.read();**

- Example changed an input string into an integer

➤ **int x = Integer.parseInt(System.in.read());**

# Example 5 FOR ARRAY

```
1 class TwoDA1{  
2     public static void main(String args[]){  
3         int twoDarray[][] = {  
4             {12, 34, 56},  
5             {23, 45, 67, 89},  
6             {123, 456}  
7         };  
8         for (int i=0; i<3; i++)  
9             System.out.println("twoDarray[" + i + "]열의 길이는 " + twoDarray[i].length + "이다.");  
10    }  
11 }
```

# Example 6 FOR ARRAY

```
1 class ThreeDA {
2     public static void main(String args[]) {
3         int threeD[][][] = new int[3][4][5];
4         int i, j, k;
5
6         for(i=0; i<3; i++)
7             for(j=0; j<4; j++)
8                 for(k=0; k<5; k++)
9                     threeD[i][j][k] = i;
10
11    for(i=0; i<3; i++) {
12        System.out.println((i+1) + "번째 2 차원 배열 ");
13        for(j=0; j<4; j++) {
14            for(k=0; k<5; k++)
15                System.out.print(threeD[i][j][k] + " ");
16            System.out.println();
17        }
18        System.out.println();
19    }
20 }
21 }
```

## □ Method

- A small program unit to handle commands for a specific function
- A method corresponds to a message that the object responds to

## □ User defined method creation

- Users make and use methods directly
- Format

```
➤ Type Method_Name( parameter_list )
{
    variable_declaraction;
    processing_statements;
    return ( result_value );
}
```

# METHOD AND JAVA

## □ case

```
class exMethod{  
  
    static void call_func( ) {  
        System.out.println(" Hello World ");  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String args[ ]) {  
        call_func( );  
    }  
}
```

Type **Method\_Name( parameter\_list )**  
{  
variable\_declaration;  
processing\_statements;  
**return ( result\_value );**  
}

# METHOD AND JAVA

## □ How to pass on data to a method

### ■ Calling method adding from 1 to 10

```
class exAddMethod{  
  
    static int call_add_func( int n ) {  
        int i;  
        int sum = 0;  
        for( i=1; i <= n; i++ )  
        {   sum += i;   }  
  
        System.out.println("호출된 메소드에서 1~" +  
                           "n" + " 까지 합 : " + sum);  
        return ( sum );  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String args[ ]) {  
        int total = call_add_func( 10 ); // n = 10  
        일때  
        System.out.println("Main 합계: "+ total);  
    }  
}
```

Type **Method\_Name( parameter\_list )**

```
{  
    variable_declaraction;  
    processing_statements;  
    return ( result_value );  
}
```

## □ practice : How to pass on data to a method

■ Making a program to get an average value from digit numbers that user types in

( typing in digit numbers in main( ) method,  
and then, passing on that numbers as argument values,  
processing to get an average value in subfunction( ) )

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